Malware

Chapter 8



An Overview of Malware

Malware has quickly become one of the leading problems plaguing modern technology, with several million new forms of malware created every year (by some estimates around 1,200 new pieces are created each hour).

Malware is an umbrella term for several forms of bad software.

Malware has become more destructive and stealthy.

It has evolved to more readily steal information.

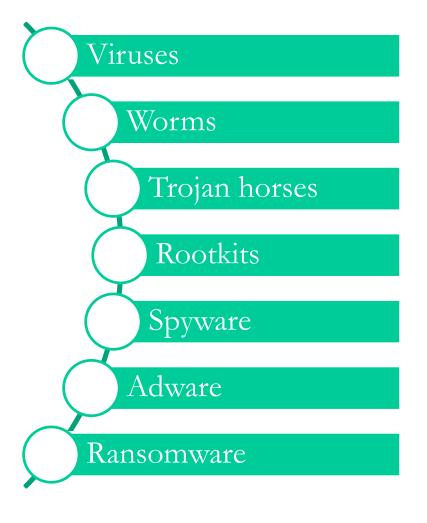
It may be useful, but it's potentially risky to use during a test.

Malware



Forms of Malware

Malware is anything that consumes resources and time while providing nothing in return and uses those resources to perform some operation that is counter to the system owner's best interests.





Authors of Malware

Criminals

Skilled programmers

Casual users

Students



A Closer Look at the Creators

Students and newbies

Younger computer users

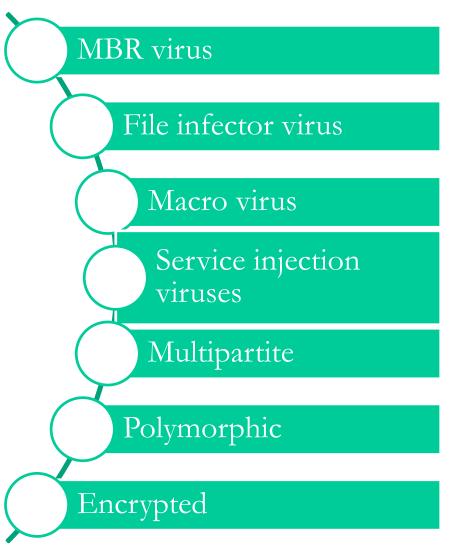
Professional and experienced programmers

Researchers and testers



Virus Family Tree

When talking about viruses, it is important that you have an understanding that not all viruses are created equal, and in fact there is a whole family of virii.





What Is a Worm?

Unlike their virus cousins that require a host program to start their dirty work, worms just need a system to be vulnerable to start their own self-replicating process.

Self-propagating malicious code

Does not need user input

Worm

Requires a system to be vulnerable

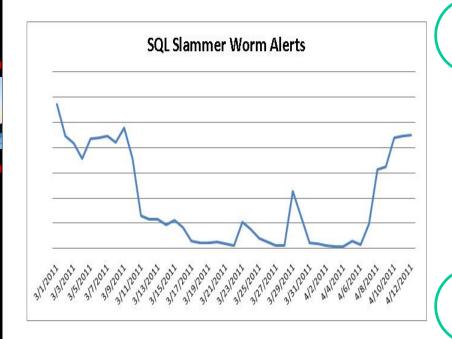
Replicates and spreads

Spreads rapidly



Worm Example: Slammer

Doubled every 8.5 seconds for first 3 minutes of life



Ran 55 million scans at peak

75,000 infections in ten minutes

Smaller in size than previous worms

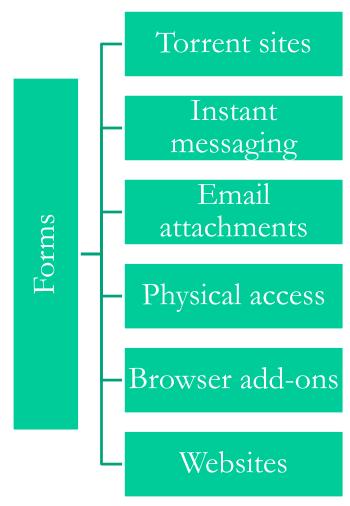
Generated random IP addresses

Preyed on SQL Server systems



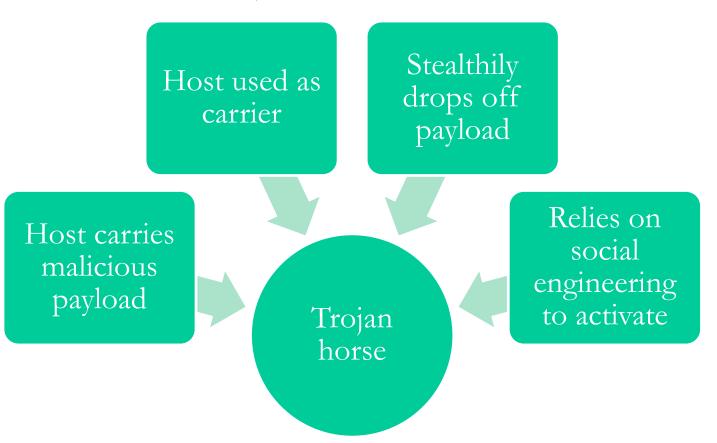
Spyware

This type of software operates in the background and out of a user's sight quietly collecting information and transmitting it to its creator.





Trojan Horses

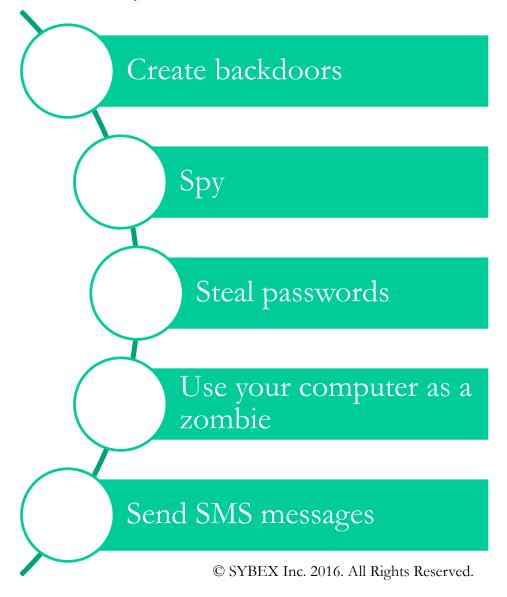


By using another program as its carrier, it relies on what is known as social engineering, or taking advantage of human behavior, to carry out its actual infection.



What Do Trojans Do?

Because Trojans are so versatile and can go unnoticed, their popularity has exploded, and they've become the malware of choice for many online criminals.





Summary

- Types of backdoors
- Type of Trojans
- Categories of malware
- Malware creation kits
- Importance of keyloggers

